Characteristic	All Events ¹	All events and exposures (code 0000)
Total:	60	60
Employee status: Wage and salary ² Self-employed ³	55 5	55 5
Gender: Women Men	7 53	
Age: Under 16 years 16 to 17 years 18 to 19 years 20 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 54 years 55 to 64 years 65 years and over	 4 10 14 11 12 9	14 11 12
Race or ethnic origin ⁴ : White (non-Hispanic) Black or African-American (non-Hispanic) Hispanic or Latino American Indian or Alaska Native (non-Hispanic) Asian (non-Hispanic) Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander (non-Hispanic) Person of multiple races (non-Hispanic) Other races or not reported (non-Hispanic)	34 5 16 	5
Primary source ^{1,5} : Chemicals and chemical products Containers, furniture, and fixtures Machinery Agricultural and garden machinery	9 	9

Construction, logging, and mining machinery	1	
Construction, logging, and mining machinery Material and personnel handling machinery		
Parts and materials		
Machine, tool, and electric parts		
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals	13	13
Personother than injured or ill worker	15	15
Relative or domestic partner of injured or ill worker		o d
Co-worker or work associate of injured or ill worker		
Assailant, suspect, inmate Robber	O	Ö
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed		
Trees, logs, limbs		
Structures and surfaces Ruildings office plant residential	4	4
Buildingsoffice, plant, residential		
Structures other than buildings		
Scaffolds, staging Other structural elements		
Roofs		
Tools, instruments, and equipment	3	3
Ladders	3-	
Vehicles Highway vahidas maharia d	25	25
Highway vehicles, motorized	17	17
Passenger vehiclesautomobiles, buses, and passenger vans	5	5
Trucksmotorized freight hauling and utility	8	8
Multi-purpose highway vehicles	4	4
Off-road and industrial vehiclespowered	6	6
Industrial vehicles, material hauling and transportpowered		
Forklift, order picker, platform truckpowered		
Tractors, PTOs		
Secondary source ^{1,6} :		
Chemicals and chemical products		
Containers, furniture, and fixtures		
Machinery		
Parts and materials	4	4
Machine, tool, and electric parts		
Persons, plants, animals, and minerals		
Plants, trees, vegetationnot processed		
Trees, logs, limbs		
Structures and surfaces	15	15
Confined spaces	2	2
Structures other than buildings	5	5
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	8	8
Tools, instruments, and equipment	7	7
Vehicles	8	8
Highway vehicles, motorized	7	7
Off-road and industrial vehiclespowered		
	ı	· ·

Nature ¹ :				
Traumatic injuries to bones, nerves, spinal cord	1	1		
Traumatic injuries to muscles, tendons, ligaments, joints, etc.				
Open wounds	7	7		
Gunshot wounds	5	5		
Surface wounds and bruises				
Burns and corrosions				
Intracranial injuries	6	6		
Effects of environmental conditions				
Multiple traumatic injuries and disorders	22	22		
Burns and other injuries, except fractures				
Intracranial injuries and injuries to internal organs	4	4		
Other traumatic injuries and disorders	24	24		
Asphyxiations, strangulations, suffocations				
Drownings				
Electrocutions, electric shocks	3	3		
Internal injuries to organs and blood vessels of the trunk	6	6		
Other poisoning, toxic, noxious, or allergenic effects	11	11		
Part of body ¹ :				
Head	9	9		
Neck, including throat				
Trunk	10	10		
Chest, including ribs, internal organs	3	3		
Back, including spine, spinal cord	1	1		
Upper extremities				
Lower extremities				
Body systems	17	17		
Multiple body parts	24	24		
Head and neck				
Head, neck, and trunk				
Head and trunk	4	4		
Other multiple body parts	5	5		
Whole body				
Worker activity:				
Vehicular and transportation operations	21	21		
Using or operating tools, machinery	3	3		
Constructing, repairing, cleaning	11	11		
Protective service activities				
Material handing operations				
Physical activities, n.e.c.				
Other activities	9	9		
Tending an establishment, waiting on customers				
Location:				
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Home	5	5
Farm		
Mine and quarry	3	3
Industrial place and premises	15	15
Place for recreation and sport		
Street and highway	17	17
Public building	12	12
Residential institution		
Occupation ⁷ :		
Management Occupations		
Business and Financial Operations Occupations		
Computer and Mathematical Occupations		
Architecture and Engineering Occupations		
Life, Physical, and Social Science Occupations		
Community and Social Services Occupations		
Legal Occupations		
Education, Training, and Library Occupations		
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media Occupations		
Healthcare Practitioner and Technical Occupations		
Healthcare Support Occupations		
Protective Service Occupations	5	5
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations		
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance Occupations		
Personal Care and Service Occupations		
Sales and Related Occupations	5	5
Office and Administrative Support Occupations		
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry Occupations		
Construction and Extraction Occupations	14	14
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair Occupations	6	6
Production Occupations		
Transportation and Material Moving Occupations	17	17
Military Specific Occupations ⁸		
Private industry ⁹ :	56	56
Goods producing		
Natural resources and mining ¹⁰		
Construction	14	14
Manufacturing		
Service providing		
Trade, transportation, and utilities	17	17
Information Single activities		
Financial activities		
Professional and business services		
Educational and health services	1	1
Leisure and hospitality	8	8
Other services, except public administration	 	

Government ¹¹ :		
Federal government		
State government		
Local government	3	3

- ¹ Based on the BLS Occupational Injury and Illness Classification System (OIICS) 2.01 implemented for 2011 data forward.
- ² May include volunteers and workers receiving other types of compensation. Cases where employment status is unknown are included in the counts of wage and salary workers.
- ³ Includes self-employed workers, owners of unincorporated businesses and farms, paid and unpaid family workers, and may include some owners of incorporated businesses or members of partnerships.
- ⁴ Persons identified as Hispanic or Latino may be of any race. The race categories shown exclude data for Hispanic and Latino workers. Cases where ethnicity is unknown are included in counts of non-Hispanic workers.
- ⁵ The primary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, bodily motion, or exposure which most directly led to, produced, or inflicted the injury or illness.
- ⁶ The secondary source of a fatal occupational injury is the object, substance, person, or exposure, other than the source, if any, which most actively generated the source or contributed to the injury or illness.
- ⁷ CFOI has used several versions of the Standard Occupation Classification (SOC) system since 2003 to define occupation. For complete information on the version of SOC used in this year, see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Cases where occupation is unknown are included in the total.
- 8 Includes fatal injuries to persons identified as resident armed forces regardless of individual occupation listed.
- ⁹ CFOI has used several versions of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) since 2003 to define industry. For complete information on the version of NAICS used in this year, see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Cases where ownership is unknown are included in private industry counts. Cases classified as foreign government and other government are included in all government counts, but not displayed separately. Cases where industry is unknown are included in the service sector counts.
- ¹⁰ Includes fatal injuries at all establishments categorized as Mining (Sector 21) in the North American Industry Classification System, including establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in Oil and Gas Extraction.
- ¹¹ Includes fatal injuries to workers employed by governmental organizations regardless of industry.

Note: Data for all years are revised and final. Totals for major categories may include subcategories not shown separately. For complete information on how the data are coded and presented see our definitions page at http://www.bls.gov/iif/oshcfdef.htm. Dashes indicate no data reported or data that do not meet publication criteria. N.e.c. means "not elsewhere classified." CFOI fatal injury counts exclude illness-related deaths unless precipitated by an injury event.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, in cooperation with state, New York City, District of Columbia, and federal agencies, Census of Fatal Occupational Injuries, February 12, 2024